

CORPORATE CONFLICT MINERALS POLICY

In July 2010, the United States adopted the section 1502 of Dodd-Frank Financial Reform and Consumer Protection Act requiring all US public companies to disclose annually the origin of 'Conflict Minerals' necessary to the function of its products. Conflict Minerals refers to the minerals cassiterite, columbite-tantalite, wolframite, gold, and their derivatives mined in the region of Democratic Republic of the Congo (DRC) where Conflict Minerals may be directly or indirectly financing human rights violations or benefiting armed groups in those countries. The definitions and rules associated with this legislation have been promulgated by the Securities Exchange Commission under the Federal Regulations CFR17 Parts 240 and 249b.

Cesca Therapeutics supports the elimination of human rights abuses and will comply with federal regulations associated with conflict minerals. Cesca Therapeutics believes in sourcing materials from suppliers that share our values with regard to ethics, integrity and respect for human rights. This policy will guide the management of Cesca Therapeutics supply chain to a DRC Conflict Free status.

Cesca Therapeutics has adopted a policy of risk oriented diligence with regard to Conflict Minerals. Our suppliers are required to provide conflict minerals disclosure data. Those suppliers who are deemed higher risk may need to provide additional information.

Our suppliers are expected to demonstrate diligence in country of origin assessment for conflict minerals used in products sold to Cesca Therapeutics. Suppliers are further expected to establish policies within their supply chains which facilitate control over conflict mineral sources.

Suppliers for Cesca Therapeutics will complete and submit a Conflict Minerals Report at least annually.